

## 如何利用人类语言帮助训练人工智能

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# ACTRCE: Augmenting Experience via Teachers' Advice







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### Challenges in Reinforcement Learning

#### Sample efficiency

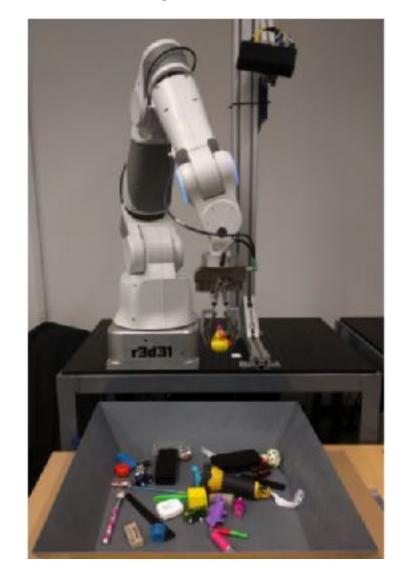
• ACKTR (actor) — Wu et al., 2017 (NIPS)

#### **Exploration Problem**

• ACTRCE (actress) — Wu et al., 2018



## For example...





### Sparse Rewards – "mostly nothing"

- Sparse Reward: reward of 1 given if the task is completed successful, otherwise 0
- Slow/difficult to learn from





#### Potential solutions?

Design a dense reward function. e.g., Euclidean distance to the goal





However! We do not like this! Because...



What's the problem with dense reward function?

1. It will lead to biased learning (stuck in a local optimum).







# What's the problem with dense reward function?

which is even dangerous!





#### What's the matter with dense reward function?

2. It is rather complicated and requires a significant engineering effort.

For example, a seemingly simple task of stacking Lego blocks, Popov et al. needed 5 complicated reward terms with different importance weights.

### Sparse Reward function

#### Advantages:

- Don't need to hand engineer the reward shaping / domain knowledge
- Avoid biased learning





#### 失败乃成功之母



Relabel the goal to utilize failure experience!



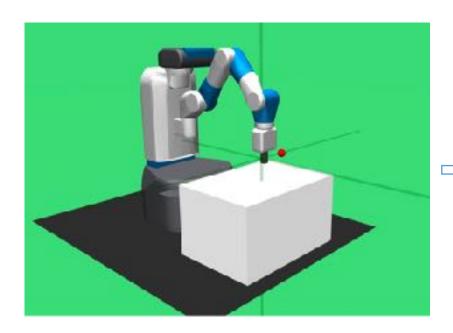
#### Goal-oriented MDP

A goal is chosen at every episode and stay fixed.

The policy, and the reward function depends on the current goal.



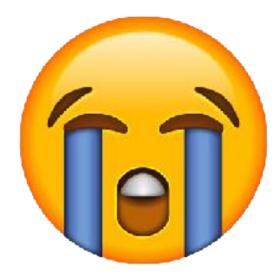
Reach object at (3,1)



Reached (2,4)

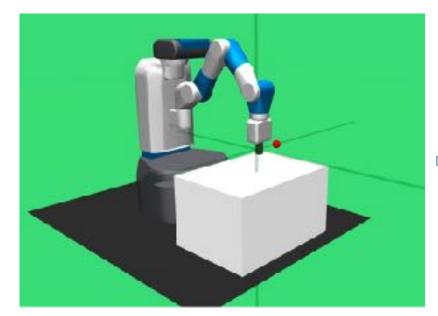


Reward 0





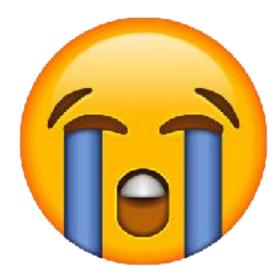
Reach object at (2,4)



Reached (2,4)

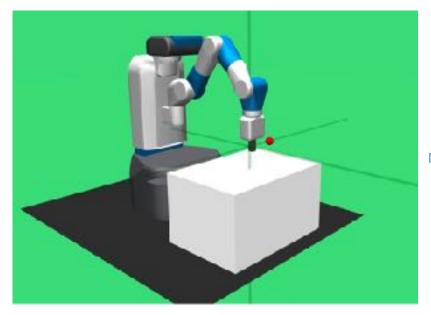


Reward 0





Reach object at (2,4)



Reward 1









### A Crucial Assumption Behind HER

For every state, there exists a goal that is achieved in this state.

我总可以重新幻想我的目标!





### A Crucial Assumption Behind HER

A trivial example: goal space = state space

到哪儿就算哪儿是目标!





### A Crucial Assumption Behind HER

Such goal representation will create a lot of redundancy in general. For example, all the following can be thought of representing the same goal:

Driving straight; Avoiding colliding

Goal 1



Goal 2



Goal 3





Question: How do we represent the goal in general?

## Question: What's a good representation?



### Question: What's a good representation?

- 1. Universal
- 2. Compact & abstract.



### Using language as goal representation!

Two important attributes of language:

- 1. Universal
- 2. Compact & abstract.

就是它了!





- Combining HER framework with language representation.
- Demonstrating two great attributes of language.

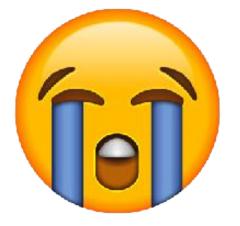


Reach the armor!

Reward 0



Reached the blue torch



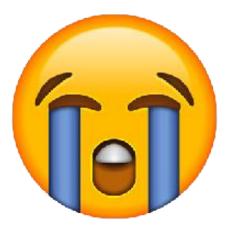


Reach the blue torch!



Reached the blue torch =>

Reward 0





Reach the blue torch!



Reward 1

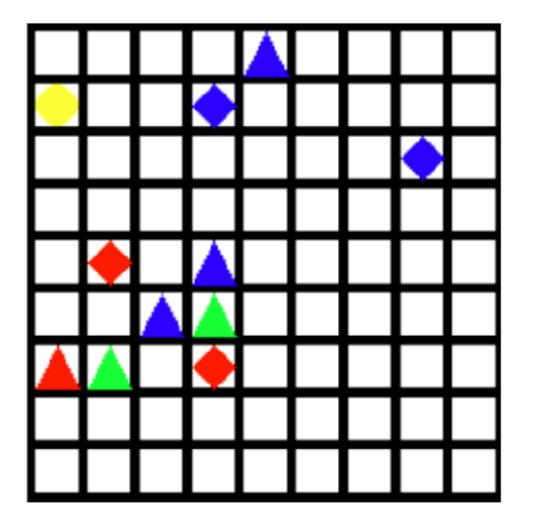


Reached the blue torch





### KrazyGrid World 2D env



Triangles: treasure

Squares: lavas



### KrazyGrid World 2D env

Functionality: Goal, Lava, Normal, and Agent.

Colour attribute: Red, Blue, Green.

Desired goal: Reach \_ treasure.

Other goals: Reach \_ lava. Avoid any goal. Avoid any lava.



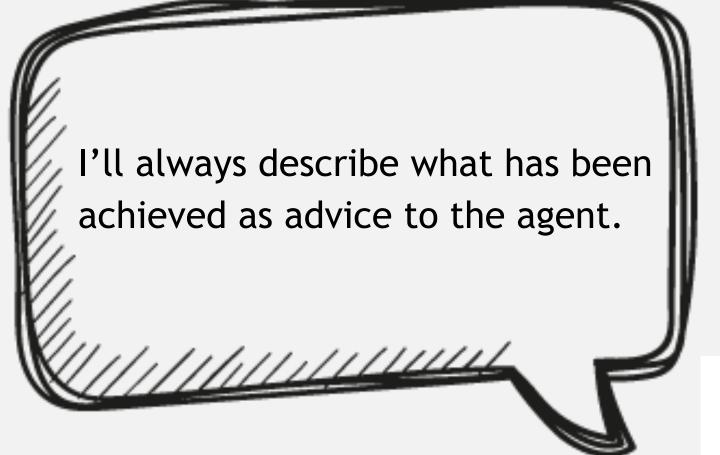
### Optimistic Teacher

When a desired goal is achieved, I'll describe what has been achieved as advice to the agent.





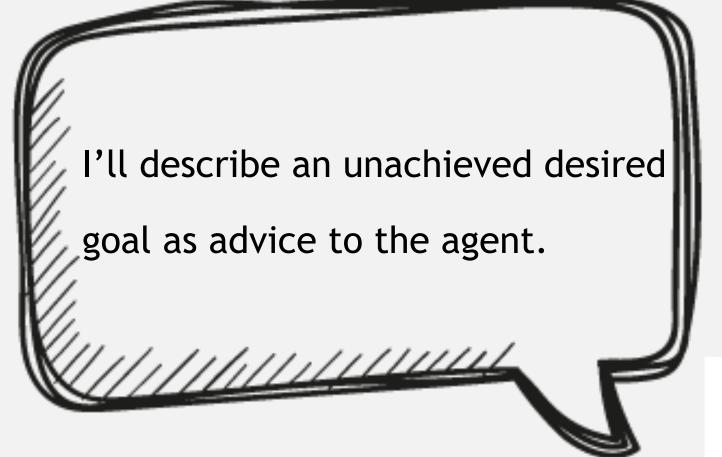
### Knowledgeable Teacher







### Discouraging Teacher





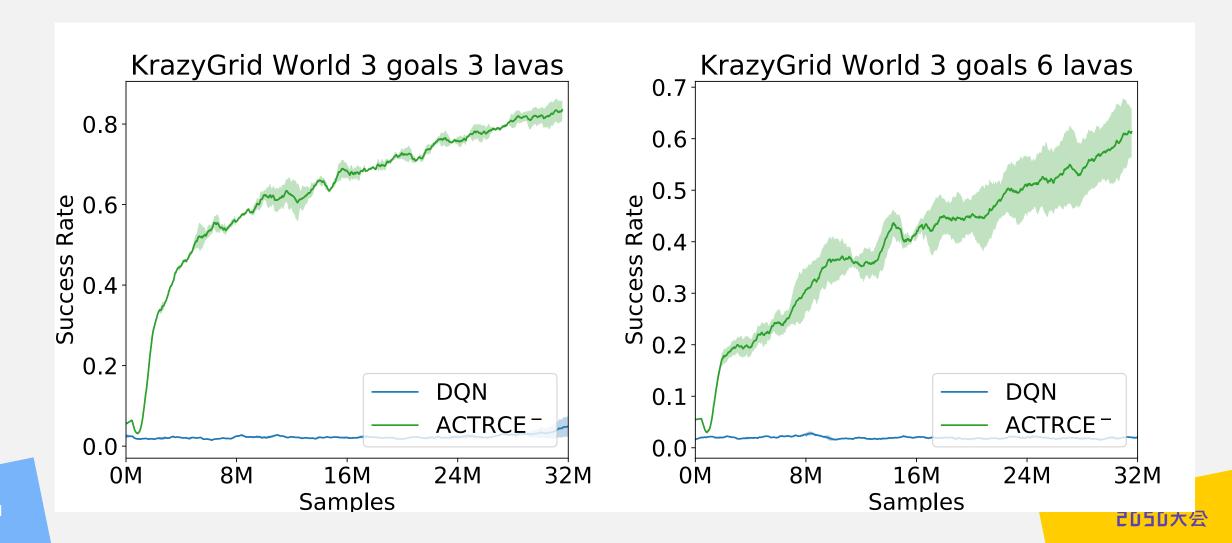


### Comparison to baseline

ACTRCE-: Optimistic teachers + Discouraging teachers



### KrazyGrid World Results



# Doom 3D language environment (Chaplot et al., 2017)



#### Train

Go to the short red torch Go to the blue keycard Go to the largest yellow object Go to the green object



#### Test

Go to the tall green torch Go to the red keycard Go to the smallest blue object **State:** 3 x 300 x 168 RGB Image

**Action:** [TurnLeft, TurnRight, MoveForward]

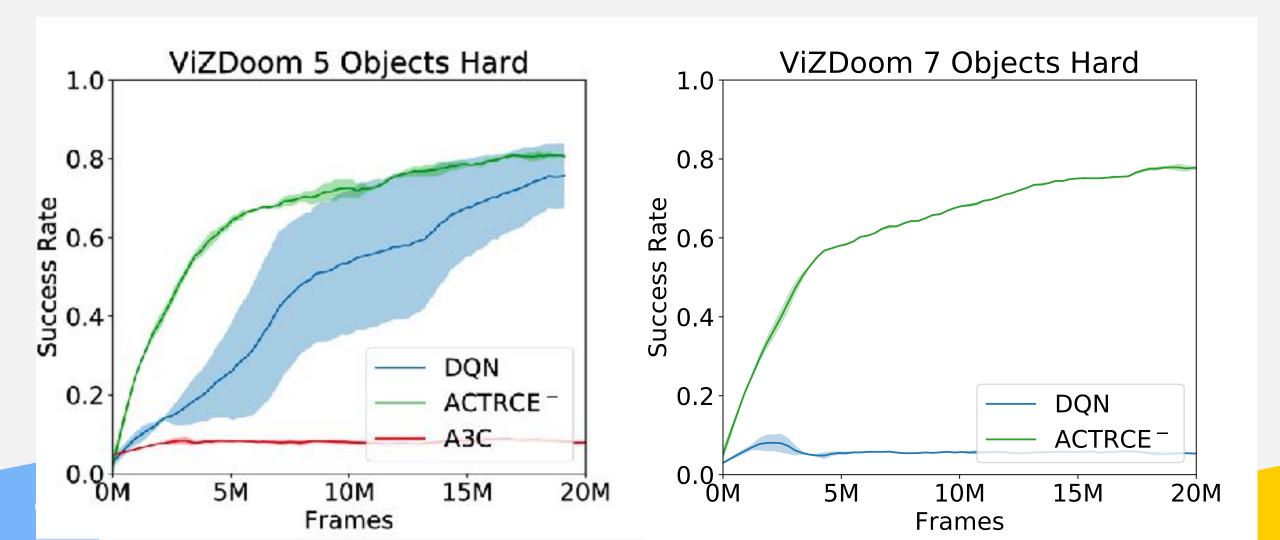
**Reward:** 1.0 if correct object, -0.2 for incorrect,

0.0 otherwise

**Training Instructions:** 55 instructions **Testing Instructions:** 15 instructions

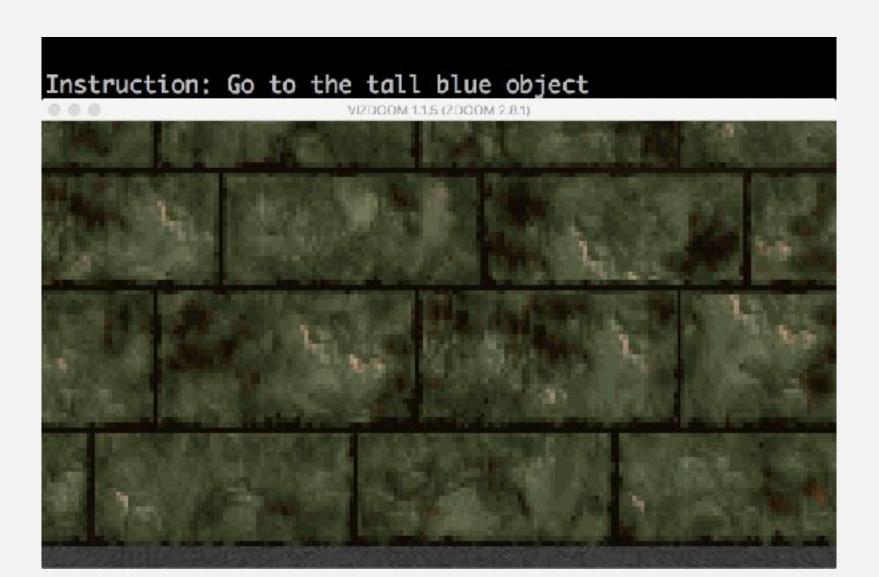


#### Doom Results





#### Doom visualization





### Language is abstract:

——allowing generalization

Observation: More language helps!



### Increasing the language set

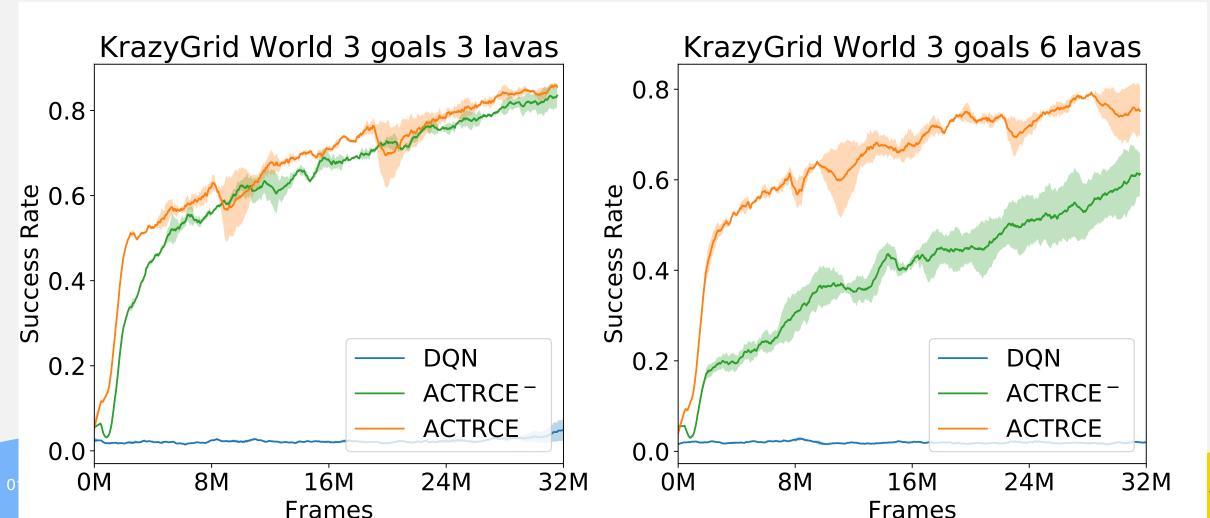
Option 1: use Knowledgeable Teachers.

ACTRCE: Knowledgeable teachers +

Discouraging teachers



#### ACTRCE vs ACTRCE-





### Increasing the language set

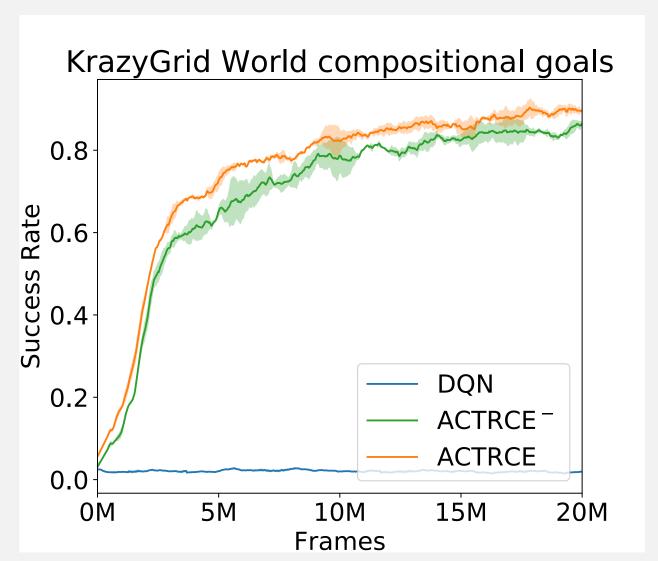
Option 2: Increasing goal space by considering compositions of tasks.

Desired goal: Reach \_ treasure and/or Reach \_ treasure

Other goals: Reach \_ lava and/or Reach \_ lava



### Compositional tasks





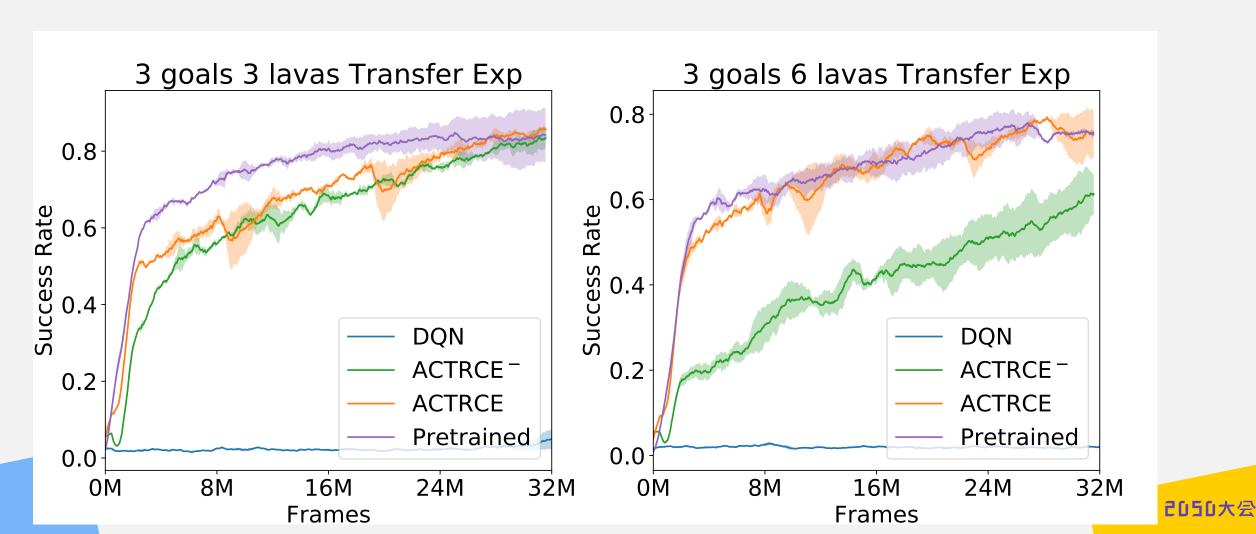
# Why more language helps? — Transfer learning!

Pessimistic teacher: Only gives advice when an undesired goal is achieved.

Validating experiment: Pretrain with pessimistic teacher. Train with ACTRCE-. Compare.



### Transfer learning works!





#### **Concluding Remarks**

It is very difficult to build a high-fidelity simulated environment — not in the near future.

However, there is a beautiful world inside language corpus! — Great resources for world representation.



#### **THANKS**